

Cosmetic Thigh Lift

Cosmetic thigh reduction (Thigh Lift) surgery is performed to tighten sagging and excess skin from the thighs to restore a more youthful and appealing body contour. Thigh lift is particularly beneficial to individuals with large amounts of loose, hanging skin on the inner and outer thighs, which may result from ageing or major weight loss.

A thigh lift procedure may involve an incision made in the groin area (Horizontal incision). In addition, a vertical incision extending along the inner thigh from the groin to the inner knee may be required to decrease the circumference of your thigh. This is often combined with liposuction to improve the contour of your thighs.

Some thigh lift candidates may be interested in incorporating other body contouring procedures to be performed at the same time. Abdominoplasty ('Tummy Tuck') is often a procedure that is combined with thigh lift.

Alternative options to Thigh Lift

- **Liposuction:** is useful for localised deposits of fat in people with a healthy and stable weight. Liposuction will not reduce excess skin, improve cellulite or excessive stretch marks. A thigh lift may be a more suitable alternative in patients where loose skin is less likely to contract following liposuction.

Post-Operative Course

Your expected hospital stay will be 2-3 days depending on your comfort level. Drain tubes will be removed when drainage has decreased to an acceptable level prior to discharge. Slow healing of any wound site deep in the groin can occur following thigh lift surgery and patient's are naturally alarmed if this occurs. These areas usually heal with simple dressings over approximately 2 weeks.

Pain post operatively will depend on the extent of the procedure and staff will provide pain relief to manage any discomfort. Pain will improve significantly with time and you will be discharged with pain relief as required.

There will be some swelling and bruising for up to 2 weeks post-operatively. You will be required to wear some compression over the operation site for around 4-6 weeks. At WPRS, we recommend the use of tight bicycle pants for use as compression garments. Your final result will take approximately 3 months to achieve.

Whilst early mobilisation is important following thigh lift, you will be required to rest from strenuous activities for 2 weeks. You should not drive a car during this time and avoid activities that stretch your wounds. After this period you may increase your activity level, however it will be 6 weeks before you can exercise or lift heavy objects.

At WPRS, whilst we aim to achieve the best result from your surgery, there can be no guarantee of perfection. We pride ourselves in offering you the best possible experience with your surgery. If there are any questions or concerns we encourage you to ring WPRS to discuss these either with Mr Toma or the dedicated team of nurses at WPRS.

I have read and understand the procedure and potential risks. I have no further questions regarding my surgery.

Signed.....

Potential Risks of Surgery

- **Bleeding/haematoma:** any bleeding after surgery is usually minor. Rarely you may require a return to theatre to drain the blood and stop any bleeding
- **Seroma:** Fluid collection in your wound (particularly with a vertical incision) due to the interruption of lymphatic channels. This may resolve spontaneously, require drainage in the rooms or in rare instances require a return to theatre to close off the leaking channel.
 - **Infection:** uncommon, however if it occurs you may be required to commence treatment with antibiotics
 - **Wound separation:** with a long scar small areas may break down and require dressing or revisional surgery in the future.
 - **Scar widening:** this can occur with any scar. Some people develop widened or elevated scars and at WPRS we provide careful follow-up and provide information to avoid this potential complication
 - **Asymmetry of scars:** every attempt is made to ensure that the scars are the same on both sides. Occasionally small differences may occur.
- **Contour deformity:** whilst every effort is made to ensure perfect contour on both legs, small irregularities occasionally may occur.
- **Numbness to the skin:** may occur on the inner or outer thighs depending on the extent of your procedure. This is usually temporary, however occasional persistent numbness may result.
- **Labial distortion:** can result from incorrect suturing of the horizontal wound. Every precaution is taken to avoid this complication.
- **Anaesthetic complications:** sore throat, nausea/vomiting, other rare complications (i.e. allergic reaction to anaesthetic) can be discussed with your anaesthetist
- **Deep venous thrombosis (DVT)/pulmonary embolism (PE):** risk of a DVT is 1 in 100 with procedures such as an abdominoplasty. These rarely can be fatal if they become a PE. Special precautions are taken in hospital to avoid this. These include: calf compression devices, anticoagulant injections and early mobilisation.

